The following values with accuracy represents warranted performance, values without accuracy are not warranted, they are typical values(typ.) or reference values. Reference values are only supplementary data to use for reference, they do not guarantee performance.

| Input type | Input $A$, Input $B$ or addition of input $A$ and input $B$ (When two inputs are on, the maximum input voltage is within $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ in total) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega \pm 5 \%, 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \pm 5 \%$ switchable <br> (Unbalanced, switch between two inputs A and B at once) |
| Maximum input voltage | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Non-destructive input voltage | $\pm 11 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Input terminals | BNC connector Input A: Front panel, Input B : Rea panel Lo side is connected to the chassis. |
| Output |  |
| Output mode | Constant Voltage (CV) |
| AC/DC mode | DC or AC |
| Output polarity | In-phase or reversed phase (switchable with switch on front panel) |
| Gain setting function | Fixed : $\times 1, \times 20, \times 40, \times 100$ Variable: $\times 1$ (CAL) to $\times 3$ consecutive Gain Setting is (Fixed) $\times$ (Variable). |
| Gain error | $\pm 5 \%$ (Fixed Gain: $\times 1, \times 20, \times 40$, and $\times 100$, <br> Variable Gain: CAL, Input voltage 0.1 Vrms or more, at 400 Hz ) |
| Maximum output voltage |  |
| DC mode | Load of Resistance $50 \Omega$ $100 \mathrm{Vrms} \mathrm{(40} \mathrm{~Hz} \mathrm{to} 200 \mathrm{kHz})$ <br>  $40 \mathrm{Vrms} \mathrm{(20} \mathrm{~Hz} \mathrm{to} 500 \mathrm{kHz})$ <br> Load of Resistance $75 \Omega$ $\pm 150 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{DC}$ to 50 kHz$)$ <br>  $\pm 140 \mathrm{~V}(50 \mathrm{kHz}$ to 200 kHz$)$ <br>  $\pm 55 \mathrm{~V}(200 \mathrm{kHz}$ to 500 kHz$)$ |
| AC mode | Load of Resistance $50 \Omega$ $100 \mathrm{Vrms} \mathrm{(40} \mathrm{~Hz} \mathrm{to} 200 \mathrm{kHz})$ <br>  $40 \mathrm{Vrms}(20 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 500 kHz$)$ <br> Load of Resistance $75 \Omega$ $\pm 150 \mathrm{~V}(10 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 50 kHz$)$ <br>  $\pm 140 \mathrm{~V}(50 \mathrm{kHz}$ to 200 kHz$)$ <br>  $\pm 55 \mathrm{~V}(200 \mathrm{kHz}$ to 500 kHz$)$ |
| Maximum current (AC) | 2 Arms , 5.66 Ap-p (40 Hz to 200 kHz ) |
| Maximum current (DC) | $\pm 2 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| Low amplitude frequency response |  |
| DC mode | DC to 100 kHz : -0.3 dB to +0.3 dB <br> 100 kHz to 300 kHz : -1 dB to +0.5 dB <br> 300 kHz to $500 \mathrm{kHz}:-3 \mathrm{~dB}$ to +0.5 dB <br> (Output Amplitude 20 Vrms , reference 400 Hz ) |
| AC mode | 10 Hz to $100 \mathrm{kHz}:-0.3 \mathrm{~dB}$ to +0.3 dB 100 kHz to 300 kHz : -1 dB to +0.5 dB 300 kHz to $500 \mathrm{kHz}:-3 \mathrm{~dB}$ to +0.5 dB (Output Amplitude 20 Vrms , reference 400 Hz ) |
| Slew rate | $450 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{\mu s}$ or above |
| Output DC offset |  |
| DC mode | Adjustment Range : $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ or above (Input Terminal Short circuit) |
| AC mode | Adjustment Range : $\pm 1 \mathrm{mV}$ or above |
| Output DC bias | $\pm 150 \mathrm{~V}$ or above on/off with switch on front panel |
| Harmonic distortion factor | $0.1 \%$ or less ( 40 Hz to 1 kHz , output 80 Vrms ) $0.5 \%$ or less ( 1 kHz to 20 kHz , output 80 Vrms ) |
| Spurious | -46 dBc or less ( 20 kHz to 50 kHz , output 80 Vrms ) <br> -30 dBc or less ( 50 kHz to 500 kHz , output 30 Vrms ) |
| Output noise** | $(7.2+0.16 \times G) \mathrm{mVrms}$ or less ( $G=1$ to 3 ) ( $1+0.4 \times \mathrm{G}$ ) mVrms or less ( $\mathrm{G}=20$ to 300 ) (Input terminal short circuit, bandwidth 10 Hz to 1 MHz ) |
| Output impedance*2 | [0.19+0.084 $\sqrt{f}(1+j)] \Omega$ or less (typ.) |
| Output terminals | BNC connector <br> Number of terminals: 2 (One each on the front and rear panels) <br> Lo side is connect to chassis. <br> Terminals on front panel and rear panel are connected in parallel. |
| ${ }^{1} \mathrm{G}$ means gain. ${ }^{*} \mathrm{f}$ means frequency, unit is Hz . |  |
| Output voltage monitor |  |
| Monitor ratio | $1 / 100$ of output voltage ( $1 \mathrm{~V} / 100 \mathrm{~V}$ ), same polarity as output voltage |
| Monitor accuracy | $\pm 5.0 \%$ (DC to 500 kHz ) (Error between output voltage and monitor output conversion voltage, load impedance $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ ) |
| Output impedance | $50 \Omega \pm 5 \%$ |
| Output terminal | BNC connector (rear panel) |
| Output level LED meter |  |
| Display item | Output voltage and Output current <br> Level display from 0\% to $100 \%$ with 11 LEDs. |
| Detection method | Average value detection (AC+DC). Calibrated with sine wave. |
| Full scale (100\%) | Voltage: 150 V Current : 2 A |

Protection function

| Overload | By detecting excessive output current or excessive internal <br> power loss, the output current is clipped and the front panel <br> overload LED lights up. Output turns off if the overload <br> condition continues for 10 seconds or longer. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output overvoltage | Output turns off when an error is detected. |
| Internal power <br> supply error | The internal power error LED on the front panel flashes <br> when an error is detected.Then output off. |
| Internal temperature <br> error | The front panel overload LED lights up when an error is <br> detected.Output turns off if the temperature error continues <br> for 10 seconds or longer. |
| Cooling fan error | Output turns off when an error is detected. |

■ External control input/output

| Control input | Control item | Output on/off |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Control input valid/invalid | Setting with the DIP switch on the rear panel |
|  | Input level | Hi : +4.0 V or more Lo : +1.0 V or less |
|  | Non-destructive input | +6 V/-5 V |
|  | Input type | Photocoupler LED input (series resistance $150 \Omega$ ) |
|  | Signal detection cycle | 50 ms |
| Status output | Output type | Open collector output |
|  | Range of voltage and current | 15 V or less, 10 mA or less |
|  | Status item | Output on/off (output on is short-circuited), Overload (output overload is short-circuited) |
|  | State update cycle | 10 ms |
| Terminals |  | D-sub 9-pin multi connector (rear panel) |

■ Output on/off control

| Output on/off | Controlled by front panel switch or external control input <br> (When the external control input is valid, only output off is valid for front panel operation) |
| :--- | :--- |

Power-on status setting

| Setting method | The DIP switch on the rear panel |
| :--- | :--- |
| Setting items <br> $(9$ items) | Output (on/off), Gain, External control (on/off), <br> Output polarity, input $A$ (on/off), input B (on/off), <br> Input impedance $(50 \Omega / 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega)$, DC bias (on/off) <br> AC/DC mode (AC/DC) |

General Information

| Power input | AC100 V to $230 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ (Maximum voltage 250 V ), Overvoltage category II <br> $50 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 2 \mathrm{~Hz}$ or $60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 2 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (Single-phase), <br> Power consumption (Maximum) 1050 VA <br> Power factor 0.95 or more |
| :--- | :--- |
| Withstanding voltage* | AC1500 V |
| Insulation resistance* | $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or higher (DC 500 V ) |
| Operating environment | Indoor use, Pollution degree 2 |
| Guaranteed performance | $+5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{5} \mathrm{\%} \mathrm{RH} \mathrm{to} 85 \% \mathrm{RH}$, <br> (Absolute humidity 1 to $25 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m}^{3}, \mathrm{no}$ condensation) |
| Storage conditions | $-10^{\circ}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{5} \mathrm{\%} \mathrm{RH} \mathrm{to} 85 \% \mathrm{RH}$, <br> (Absolute humidity 1 to $29 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m} 3$, no condensation) |
| Dimensions (W×HxD) mm | $350 \times 177 \times 450$ (no protrusions) |
| Weight (approx.) | 16 kg |
| *Between power input vs. others and chassis in total |  |

. 2023.
Product appearance and specifications are subject to change without notice. Before purchase, contact us to confirm the latest specifications, price and delivery date.

